



Role of Electronic Gadgets in Removing Inequalities

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Abstract: *Electronic gadgets can be seen as a learning tool and a means of communication. Within learning situations, multimedia products and online services can be used creatively and reflectively. One of the side effects of India's internal diversities is the lack of equal opportunities for education for all. That is, inequality of educational opportunities. Education of students in India has been affected by caste, gender, religion, region, economic reasons. The effect of inequality exists on the entire education system of India. In addition, multimedia can be used to promote subject and cross-curricular learning. Multimedia is very helpful and fruitful in education due to its characteristics of interactivity, flexibility, and integration of various media that can support learning, taking into account individual differences among learners and enhancing their motivation.*

Key words: - *Learning Effect, Use of E-Gadgets, Inequality, Educational*

1. INTRODUCTION

“Education is the manifestation of the divine perfection, already existing in man.”

-Vivekananda

Electronic gadgets can be seen as a learning tool and a means of communication. Within learning situations, multimedia products and online services can be used creatively and reflectively. One of the side effects of India's internal diversities is the lack of equal opportunities for education for all. That is, inequality of educational opportunities.[1] Education of students in India has been affected by caste, gender, religion, region, economic reasons. The effect of inequality exists on the entire education system of India. In addition, multimedia can be used to promote subject and cross-curricular learning. Multimedia is very helpful and fruitful in education due to its characteristics of interactivity, flexibility, and integration of various media that can support learning, taking into account individual differences among learners and enhancing their motivation [2]



Meaning and Definitions of E-Gadgets:

“Electronics is a branch of engineering which deals with the study of transport of information through the magnetic waves.” Most of the electronic gadgets are built on the basis of this definition. As they work through or on magnetic waves, following is the definition of electronic gadgets.

According to Term Paper Warehouse, “Electronic-Gadgets are the instruments which can perform many activities at a time with vast speed and makes the hard work efficient one.”

According to Wikipedia, “A gadget is a small tool that has a particular function, to save time and energy. E-gadgets have a wide variety of functions and styles. All of these functions show the progressing advanced modern age. Electronic gadgets are sometimes referred to as gizmos. Gizmos in particular are a bit different from electronic gadgets. Electronic gadgets in particular are small tools powered by electronic principles (a circuit board).”

Inequality

We will consider inequality. In what sense are all human beings equal in spite of being different among themselves. On the other hand, what kind of inequalities are there in the society – economic inequality, inequality in opportunities, inequality in power, inequality in status... If inequality is so pervasive then what is the need to eliminate it – what are the side effects of it. We will consider all these things in this topic [3]

Inequalities in society

Ambedkar definition of inequality

Babasaheb Ambedkar considered the inequality spread in South Asia as categorical inequality. According to him, in this type of inequality, respect for the people of the upper rungs of the society increases and contempt or disregard for the people of the lower ranks increases. Due to this feeling of inequality prevailing in the Indian society, we still see that there is an outcry when a high-class person is murdered, while on the other hand there is such a strong reaction when the so-called lower caste person is murdered. do not know.

1. Economic inequality

People can be unequal to each other in many ways. Real estate, income, education, decision-making rights, freedom to move around alone, prestige, physical ability... you can add many more such things. We can call this economic inequality.

2. Disparity in Ability

There is another kind of inequality. A middle-class upper caste male from a big city after studying engineering in a good college then got MBA. They also pass out and become ready to take up jobs – in fact this disparity in abilities is due to their economic and regional disparity. That is, there is a disparity in the ability to get potential.



3. disparity of status

Status is based on a number of factors, most of which are linked to other social inequalities – wealth, education, regionalism, status. Those who are wealthy will often be more prosperous, and those who are distinguished are also wealthier and more prosperous. Similarly, those who are less prestigious or poor are often forced to lead a poor life. Due to inequality, this relationship between people becomes not based on equality and mutual respect, but on exploitation, disrespect, and mutual conflict.

Inequality of educational opportunities

The term equality refers to equal conditions in which all persons have equal opportunities for development. Equality of educational opportunities does not mean equal education for all, but to provide education to every child according to physical, mental, emotional and moral conditions. It also means that the state does not discriminate between caste, form, colour, provincial and language, religion etc. [4] in the context of education of individuals. Following are the main reasons and sources of inequality of educational opportunities in India-

1. It is not possible to reach the school in some areas due to geographical reasons.
2. Different environment of schools in urban and rural areas.
3. Having schools of different level and quality in the same area.
4. non-nationalization of education.
5. Poverty.
6. Social stratification etc.

The role of electronic gadgets in addressing educational inequality

Electronic gadgets represent the development of a business as an internal tool for website content management. It does not contain information about a single object, but gives collective information about many objects, sites, designs, tests, controls, routine notifications, etc. E-content consists of the following tools: Content Management, Classification, Integration, Process Control (Work Flow), Collaboration, Security, Research, Personalization etc. [5]

Educational inequality among different sections of the society can be overcome by the following measures –

In education, electronic gadgets provide a flexible base that makes it easier to connect to Internet sites, maintain relationships with users, and develop relationships between colleagues and employees. [6]E-education empowers any organization through web service.

1. It helps the organization to make the site effective.
2. It stores the managerial content on the basis of database.
3. On using this X. ml. (XML), Repositories and Static files and displays content.
4. E-content is the key to any team-based business these days.
5. It undertakes communion with consumers, employees, suppliers and distributors providing raw materials to the business.
6. E-contents are simpler to operate and more reliable than traditional management services.



7. Publishing of e-content takes place through a very complex process which requires expert staff who have full knowledge of it.
8. The gentle approach used in e-content is quite costly.

2. CONCLUSION

Educational technology refers to the techniques and methodology of the teaching learning process, the technology of education is considered as a software approach in education, it means the use of educational gadgets of course in electronic education. The result of an increase in the effectiveness of the education process, including an increase in understanding of the subject matter among students.[7] Technology of education involves the systematic applications of educational principles in the process of education. The discovery of general scientific knowledge about learning specific learning dedicate Technology of education involves the systematic applications of educational principles in the process of education. The discovery of general scientific knowledge about learning specific learning devices, techniques and methods play a significant role in improving the efficiency of the learning and teaching process. cinques and methods play a significant role in improving the efficiency of the learning and teaching process. [8] Educational inequality in different sections of the society can be removed, so that necessary conditions and programs should be organized to change the mindset and attitudes. In this, programs like motion pictures, radio, drama, TV, tours, debate programs, celebrations etc. should be kept.

3. REFERENCES

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